

LEIGH DESIGN

*waste management plans for
all urban developments*

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Leigh Design Pty Ltd
ABN 37 139 522 437
PO Box 115

Carnegie VIC 3163
P +61 3 8516 5399

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Date Plans Provided: 30/09/2020

WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

Proposed Development:
18 & 20 Cottrell Street, Werribee, Victoria

Prepared for:
Sierra Homes

<u>Document Control</u>
<u>Report Date:</u> 11 August 2020 (supersedes all previous reports)
<u>Prepared By:</u> Andrew McIntosh, Associate
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WYNDHAM CITY COUNCIL
Town Planning
Advertised Documents

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WASTE MANAGEMENT SUMMARY

- The operator, as defined below, shall be responsible for managing the waste system, and for developing and implementing adequate safe operating procedures.
- Waste shall be stored within the development (hidden from external view).
- Users shall sort their waste, and dispose garbage and recyclables into their collection bins.
- Waste shall be collected onsite, on the development's Ground Level carpark driveway Townhouse residents shall present their bins outside their garages/dwellings in coordination with the collection. The collection contractor shall transfer bins between the front of each townhouse dwelling, and the Apartment Building Bin Store, and the truck.
- A private contractor shall provide waste collection services.

GLOSSARY

Operator: refers to the Owners Corporation, who shall manage site operations (via staff and contractors, if required).

User: refers to residents and commercial tenants, who shall utilise the waste system.

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1 SPACE AND SYSTEM FOR WASTE MANAGEMENT

1.1 Development Description and Use

This development shall consist of an apartment building containing residential apartments and commercial tenancies, and separate townhouses (the number of residences and commercial floor-areas are stated in Table 1).

1.2 Estimated Garbage and Recycling Generation

The following table summarises the waste estimate (m³/week):

Table 1: Waste Estimate

Waste Source	Base Qty (est.)	Garbage	Commingled Recycling
Apartments	No. of units = 9	0.72	0.72
Retail (shops)	area (m ²) = 150	0.53	0.53
Townhouses	No. of units = 5	0.70	0.60
TOTAL (m³/wk)		1.95	1.85

Notes:

- Residential waste figures are based on Council's volumetric requirements.
- Commercial waste figures are based on adjusted Sustainability Victoria Guidelines.

1.3 Collection Services

Residential Waste

It is understood Council requires residential waste from multi-unit developments to be collected privately.

Commercial Waste:

It is understood Council does not collect commercial waste.

For both residential and commercial waste, the operator shall choose a waste collection provider, negotiate a service agreement and pay for these services

1.4 Location, Equipment and System Used for Managing Waste

The waste management system is summarised as follows:

Apartment Building:

- Dwelling receptacles for garbage and recycling.
- Tenancy receptacles at internal areas.
- Bin Store located at Ground Level.
- Collection bins (kept within the Bin Store- refer to Table 2).

Townhouses:

- Dwelling receptacles for garbage and recycling.
- Collection bins (kept within the garage of each dwelling - refer to Table 2).

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The various collection waste-streams are summarised as follows:

Garbage: General waste shall be placed in tied plastic bags and stored within bins.

Recycling: All recyclables shall be commingled into a single type of collection bin (for loose paper, cardboard, glass, aluminium, steel and plastics).

Green Waste: Garden organics from communal landscaped areas shall be collected and disposed by the future landscape maintenance contractor (if required, the operator shall provide a shared bin for residents' use when disposing green waste from private areas).

Food Waste: The operator shall investigate the collection of food organics for recycling at an offsite approved facility (subject to cost, service availability and suitability).

Other Waste Streams: The disposal of hard/electronic/liquid and other wastes (polystyrene, batteries, paint, chemicals and detox items, etc) shall be organised with the assistance of the operator.

The following table summarises bin quantity/capacity, collection frequency and area requirements (based on Table 1):

Table 2: Bin Schedule and Collection Frequency

Waste Source	Waste Stream	Bin Qty	Bin Litres	Collections per Week	Net Area m ²
Apartment Building (shared private bins)	Garbage	2	660	1	2.4
	Recycling	2	660	1	2.4
Net Waste Storage Area (excludes circulation), m²:					4.8
Townhouses (dedicated private bins)	Garbage	5	120	1	1m ² per dwelling
	Comm. Recyc.	5	240	Fortnightly	
Net Waste Storage Area (excludes circulation), m²:					5.0

Notes:

- Private bins shall be sourced by the operator (either purchased from a supplier or leased from the collection contractor).
- Subject to stakeholders' preference/capability (and as built constraints), bin sizes and quantities can be changed. Also, recyclables can be either commingled or split into bins for separate recycling streams.

1.5 Planning Drawings, Waste Areas and Management of the Waste System

The plans shall illustrate sufficient space for onsite bin storage, as required by the above schedule.

Notwithstanding the above, collection days shall be staged appropriately, and the operator shall stipulate procedures for effective management of the available space.

1.6 Collection Bin Information

The following bins shall be utilised (see Sect. 4.4 for signage requirements):

Table 3: Bin Details

Capacity (litres)	Height (mm)	Width (across front, mm)	Depth (side on, mm)	Empty Weight (kg)	Average* Gross Weight (kg)
120	930	480	545	10	26
240	1060	585	730	13	45
660	1250	1240	780	43	130

Notes:

- * = Average Gross Weight is based on domestic waste studies (which vary subject to locality and waste-type). Expect greater weight for wet or compacted waste.
- Use the above details as a guide only – variations will occur. The above is based on Sulo plastic (HDPE) flat-lid bins.

Table 4: Wyndham Colour Coding

Bin	Garbage	Commingled Recycling	Green Waste
Lid	Red	Yellow	Green
Body	Green	Green	Green

Note: For private bins, AS4123.7 bin colours can be adopted. Private bins shall be labelled to identify the waste generator and site address.

2 ACCESS FOR USERS, COLLECTORS AND COLLECTION VEHICLES

2.1 User Access to Waste Facilities

Apartment Building:

Residents and commercial tenants, shall dispose sorted garbage and recyclables into collection bins located within the Bin Store.

Note: The operator shall have access to the Bin Store to rotate the bins, ensuring that empty bins are available along the circulation area so that users are able to reach them.

Townhouses:

Residents shall dispose sorted garbage and recyclables into collection bins, located within their respective garages.

2.2 Collection Arrangements and Access to Waste Facilities

Apartment Building:

- A private contractor shall collect waste onsite, on the development's Ground Level carpark driveway.
- Collection staff shall have access to the Bin Store, and transfer bins to the truck and back to the store.
- The waste collection shall be carried-out by rear-lift vehicles (nom. 6.4m long, 2.1m high and 6.4 tonnes gross vehicle mass, needing a 2.3m high clearance when collecting 660-lt bins).

Townhouses:

- Prior to the collection, residents shall place their bins outside their premises (bins shall await collection next to the garage of each dwelling). Once collected, residents shall move the bins back into their premises (bins shall not be left-out more than a 24 hour period).
- A private contractor shall collect waste onsite, on the development's Ground Level carpark driveway.
- Collection staff shall transfer bins between the front of each dwelling and the truck, returning them when emptied.
- The waste collection shall be carried-out by rear-lift vehicles (nom. 6.4m long, 2.1m high and 6.4 tonnes gross vehicle mass).

Notes:

- For improved safety, waste collections and bin transfers shall be carried-out during off-peak traffic periods.
- The project's traffic engineer shall provide traffic management information.

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3 AMENITY, LOCAL ENVIRONMENT AND FACILITY DESIGN

3.1 Noise Minimisation Initiatives

- Collection bins shall feature rubber wheels for quiet rolling during transfers.
- Local laws shall be observed for all operations in public and private areas.
- For private services, the hours of waste collections shall be as specified in Council's local laws. Also, Section 5 of the Victorian EPA Noise Control Guideline Publication 1254 (see below) shall be observed to protect the acoustic amenity of the development and surroundings.

Victorian EPA Noise Control Guideline Publication 1254 October 2008 (excerpt)

[Section] 5. Domestic [and Commercial] Refuse Collection

The main annoyance produced by domestic refuse collections occurs in the early morning (i.e. before 7:00am). Therefore, if possible, routes should be selected to provide the least impact on residential areas during that time.

Collection of refuse should be restricted to the following criteria:

- Collection occurring once a week should be restricted to the hours: 6am to 6pm Monday to Saturday.
- Collections occurring more than once a week should be restricted to the hours: 7am to 6pm Monday to Saturday.
- Compaction should only be carried out while on the move.
- Bottles should not be broken up at the point of collection.
- Routes which service entirely residential areas should be altered regularly to reduce early morning disturbance.
- Noisy verbal communication between operators should be avoided where possible.

3.2 Litter Reduction and Prevention of Stormwater Pollution

The operator and residents/tenants shall be responsible for:

- Promoting adequate waste disposal into the bins (to avoid waste-dumping).
- Securing the waste areas (whilst affording access to users/staff/contractors).
- Storing bins out of public view.
- Preventing overfilled bins, keeping lids closed and bungs leak-free.
- Abating any site litter, and taking action to prevent dumping and/or unauthorised use of waste areas.
- Requiring the collection contractor to clean-up any spillage that might occur when clearing bins.

The above will minimise the dispersion of site litter and prevent stormwater pollution (thus avoiding impact to the local amenity and environment).

3.3 Ventilation, Washing and Vermin-Prevention Arrangements

Apartment Building Bin Store:

Waste areas shall feature:

- Ventilation in accordance with Australian Standard AS1668.
- Tight-fitting doors (all other openings shall have vermin-proof mesh or similar).
- Impervious flooring (also, smooth, slip-resistant and appropriately drained).
- A graded bin wash area, hosecock, hose and a suitable floor-waste connected in accordance with relevant authority requirements (alternatively, the operator shall engage a contractor to conduct off-site bin washing). The bin and wash areas may overlap, as stored bins can be moved so that a bin can be washed.

The operator shall regularly clean waste areas/equipment. Also, access doors and bin-lids shall be kept closed.

Townhouse Garages:

- As bins shall be stored within garages, these areas shall be ventilated to reduce odour.
- Residents shall regularly clean their bin areas. Also, bin-lids shall be kept closed.
- The operator shall engage a suitable contractor to wash bins in a mobile bin-wash vehicle.

3.4 Design and Aesthetics of Waste Storage Areas and Equipment

Apartment Building Bin Store:

Waste shall be placed within collection bins and stored in designated onsite areas (hidden from external view). Following waste collection activities, bins shall be returned to the storage areas as soon as practicable.

Waste facilities shall be constructed of durable materials and finishes, and maintained to ensure that the aesthetics of the development are not compromised. These facilities and associated passages shall be suitably illuminated (this provides comfort, safety and security, to users, staff and contractors). Access doors shall feature keyless opening from within.

Townhouse Garages:

Waste shall be placed within collection bins and stored in the garages (hidden from external view). Following waste collection activities, bins shall be returned to the storage areas as soon as practicable.

Bin areas (garages) shall be constructed of durable materials and finishes, and maintained to ensure that the aesthetics of the development are not compromised.

The design and construction, of waste facilities and equipment, shall conform to the Building Code of Australia, Australian Standards and local laws.

4 MANAGEMENT AND SUSTAINABILITY

4.1 Waste Sorting, Transfer and Collection Responsibilities

Garbage shall be placed within tied plastic bags prior to transferring into the collection bins. Cardboard shall be flattened, and recycling containers un-capped, drained and rinsed prior to disposal into the appropriate bin. Bagged recycling is not permitted.

Refer to Section 2 for waste transfer requirements and collection arrangements.

4.2 Facility Management Provisions to Maintain & Improve the Waste System

The operator shall manage site operations (refer to the glossary in page 2).

It shall be the responsibility of the operator and residents, to maintain all waste areas and components, to the satisfaction of residents and the relevant authority (residents shall maintain their internal waste receptacles).

The operator shall ensure that maintenance and upgrades are carried-out, on the facility and components of the waste system. When required, the operator shall engage an appropriate contractor to conduct services, replacements or upgrades.

4.3 Arrangements for Protecting Waste Equipment from Theft and Vandalism

It shall be the responsibility of the operator to protect the equipment from theft and vandalism. This shall include the following initiatives:

- Secure the waste areas.
- Label the bins according to property address.
- Waste bins shall be collected within the subject land (bins shall not be placed on the street).

4.4 Arrangements for Bins/Equipment Labelling, and Ensuring Users and Staff are Aware of How to Use the Waste System Correctly

- The operator shall provide appropriate signage for the bins. Signage is available at the following internet address: www.sustainability.vic.gov.au.
- The operator shall publish/distribute "house rules" and educational material to:
 - Inform users/staff about the waste management system and the use/location of the associated equipment (provide the summary in page 2 of this report).
 - Improve facility management results (lessen equipment damage, reduce littering and achieve cleanliness).
 - Advise users/staff to sort and recycle waste with care to reduce contamination of recyclables.

4.5 Sustainability and Waste Avoidance/Reuse/Reduction Initiatives

The *Environment Protection Act 1970* includes principles of environment protection and guidance for waste management decision making. Also, the *Sustainability Victoria Act 2005* established Sustainability Victoria as the statutory authority for delivering programs on integrated waste management and resource efficiency.

From a design perspective, the development shall support the acts by providing an adequate waste system with ability to sort waste.

The operator shall promote the observance of the acts (where relevant and practicable), and encourage users and staff to participate in minimising the impact of waste on the environment. For improved sustainability, the operator shall consider the following:

- Observe the waste hierarchy in the *Environment Protection Act 1970* (in order of preference): a) waste avoidance, b) reuse, c) recycle, d) recovery of energy, e) treatment, f) containment and g) disposal.
- Peruse the Sustainability Victoria website: www.sustainability.vic.gov.au.
- Participate in Council and in-house programs for waste minimisation.
- Establish waste reduction and recycling targets; including periodic waste audits, keeping records and monitoring of the quantity of recyclables found in landfill-bound bins (sharing results with users/staff).

4.6 Waste Management Plan Revisions

For any future appropriate Council request, changes in legal requirements, changes in the development's needs and/or waste patterns (waste composition, volume or distribution), or to address unforeseen operational issues, the operator shall be responsible for coordinating the necessary Waste Management Plan revisions, including (if required):

- A waste audit and new waste strategy.
- Revision of the waste system (bin size/quantity/streams/collection frequency).
- Re-education of users/staff.
- Revision of the services provided by the waste collector(s).
- Any necessary statutory approval(s).

Overlaid: 30/09/2020

5 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- The operator shall ensure that bins are not overfilled or overloaded.
- Waste incineration devices are not permitted, and offsite waste treatment and disposal shall be carried-out in accordance with regulatory requirements.
- For bin traffic areas, either level surfaces (smooth and without steps) or gentle ramps are recommended, including a roll-over kerb or ramp. Should ramp gradients, bin weight and/or distance affect the ease/safety of bin transfers, the operator shall consider the use of a suitable tug.
- The operator and waste collector, shall observe all relevant OH&S legislation, regulations and guidelines. The relevant entity shall define their tasks and:
 - Comply with Worksafe Victoria's Occupational Health and Safety Guidelines for the Collection, Transport and Unloading of Non-hazardous Waste and Recyclable Materials (June 2003).
 - Assess the Manual Handling Risk, and prepare a Manual Handling Control Plan for waste and bin transfers (as per regulatory requirements and Victorian COP for Manual Handling).
 - Obtain and provide to staff/contractors; equipment manuals, training, health and safety procedures, risk assessments and adequate personal protective equipment (PPE) to control/minimise risks/hazards associated with all waste management activities. As a starting point, these documents and procedures shall address the following:

Task (to be confirmed)	Hazard (TBC)	Control Measures (TBC)
Sorting waste and cleaning the waste system	Bodily puncture. Biological & electrical hazards	Personal protective equipment (PPE). Develop a waste-sorting procedure
Bin manual handling	Sprain, strain, crush	PPE. Maintain bin wheel-hubs. Limit bin weight. Provide mechanical assistance to transfer bins
Bin transfers and emptying into truck	Vehicular strike, run-over	PPE. Develop a Hazard Control Plan for transfers and collections. Maintain visibility. Use a mechanical bin-tipper
Truck access (reversing & manoeuvring)	Vehicular incident, strike, run-over	PPE. Use a trained spotter. Develop a truck-manoevring and traffic-control procedure

Note: The above shall be confirmed by a qualified OH&S professional who shall also prepare site-specific assessments, procedures and controls (refer to Section 6).

6 CONTACT INFORMATION

Wyndham City Council (local Council), ph 03 9742 0777 **Date Plans Provided: 30/09/2020**

iDump (private waste collector), ph 1300 443 867

Kartaway (private waste collector), ph 1300 362 362

Waste Wise Environmental (private waste collector), ph 1300 550 408

Eco-Safe Technologies (odour control equipment supplier), ph 03 9706 4149

FJP Safety Advisors Pty Ltd (OH&S consultant), ph 03 9255 3660

Electrodrive Pty Ltd (tug & trailer supplier – for bin transfers), ph 1800 033 002

Warequip (tug supplier – for bin transfers), ph 1800 337 711

Sulo MGB Australia (bin supplier), ph 1300 364 388

One Stop Garbage Shop (bin supplier), ph 03 9338 1411

Note: The above includes a complimentary listing of contractors and equipment suppliers. The stakeholders shall not be obligated to procure goods/services from these companies. Leigh Design does not warrant (or make representations for) the goods/services provided by these suppliers.

7 LIMITATIONS

The purpose of this report is to document a Waste Management Plan, as part of a Planning Permit Application.

This report is based on the following conditions:

- Operational use of the development (excludes demolition/construction stages).
- Drawings and information supplied by the project architect.
- The figures presented in this report are estimates only. The actual amount of waste will depend on the development's occupancy rate and waste generation intensity, the user's disposition toward waste and recycling, and the operator's approach to waste management. The operator shall make adjustments, as required, based on actual waste volumes (if the actual waste volume is greater than estimated, then the number of bins and/or the number of collections per week shall be increased, STCA).
- This report shall not be used to determine/forecast operational costs, or to prepare feasibility studies or to document operational/safety procedures.